©
Government of Kerala
1971

Reg. No. K. 157

KERALA GAZETTE

EXTRAORDINARY

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

Vol. XVI] Trivandrum, Friday, 24th December 1971 / 3rd Pousha 1893 [No. 565

GOVERNMENT OF KERALA

Food (A) Department

NOTIFICATION I

No. 28893/A3/71-1/Fd.D. *Dated, Trivandrum, 24th December*, 1971

S.R.O. No. 501/71.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause 3 of the Kerala Rice and Paddy (Procurement by Levy) Order, 1966, and in supersession of Notification No. 33114/B2/70-1/Fd.D. dated 14th December, 1970 published in the Kerala Gazette Extraordinary No. 403 dated 14th December, 1970 and with the concurrence of the Government of India, the Government of Kerala hereby direct that the classes of cultivators mentioned in column (2) of the Schedule below cultivating the lands in the areas mentioned against them in column (1) thereof, shall in respect of the Mundakan (Winter) Crop, sell to the Government or an agent of the Government appointed by the District Collector or any other person authorised by the District Collector in this behalf, the quantity of paddy at the rates specified against them in column (3) of the said schedule. The Notification shall come into force on the 24th December, 1971.

SCHEDULE

Area	*Class of cultivators*	*Quantity of paddy to be sold*
(1)	(2)	(3)
	Category—A	
Neyyattinkara taluk of Trivandrum district	(1) Persons who have cultivated paddy in an area upto and including 2 acres in the aggregate	(1) Nil.
Kunnathur, Kottarakara, Pathanapuram and Pathanamthitta taluks of Quilon District Peermade and Udumbanchola taluks of Kottayam District.	(2) Persons who have cultivated paddy in an area of more than 2 acres and upto and including 5 acres in the aggregate	(2) At the rate of 3 Quintals per acre for every acre in excess of 2 acres.
Chittoor, Alathur and Palghat taluks of Palghat District	(3) Persons who have cultivated paddy in an area of more than 5 acres and upto and including 10 acres in the aggregate	(3) At the rates specified in item No. (2) supra for the first 5 acres and at 7 Qtls. for every acre in excess of 5 acres.
	(4) Persons who have cultivated paddy in an area of more than 10 acres in the aggregate.	(4) At the rates specified in Item No. (3) supra for the first 10 acres and at 9 Qtls. for every acre in excess of 10 acres.

Category—B

Trivandrum, Nedumangad and Chirayinkil taluks of Trivandrum District	(1) Persons who have cultivated paddy in an area upto and including 2 acres in the aggregate	(1) Nil.
Quilon taluk of Quilon District Karthigappally, Thiruvalla, Mavelikara and Chengannur taluks of Alleppey District	(2) Persons who have cultivated paddy in an area of more than 2 acres and upto and including acres in the aggregate	(2) At the rate of 2.5 Qtls. for every acre in excess of 2 acres.
Vaikom, Meenachil, Changanacherry, Kanjirappally, Kottayam and Devicolam taluks of Kottayam District	(3) Persons who have cultivated paddy in an area of more than 5 acres and upto and including 10 acres in the aggregate	(3) At the rates specified in item No. (2) supra for the first 5 acres and at 5 Qtls. for every acre in excess of 5 acres.
Thodupuzha, Moovattupuzha Kunnathunad and Alwaye taluks of Ernakulam District	(4) Persons who have cultivated paddy in an area of more than 10 acres in the aggregate	(4) At the rates specified in Item No. (3) supra for the first 10 acres and at 7 Qtls. for every acre in excess of 10 acres.
Talappilly and Trichur taluks of Trichur District		
Ottappalam taluk (excluding Trithala firka of the former Ponnani taluk and Paruthur Panchayat of the former Tirur taluk) of Palghat District		
Perinthalmanna taluk of Malappuram District		
S. Wynad taluk of Kozhikode District		
N. Wynad taluk of Cannanore District		

(1)	(2)	(3)
	Category—C	
Karunagappally taluk of Quilon District Ambalapuzha and Sherthalai taluks of Alleppey District Kanayannur and Parur taluks of Ernakulam District Cranganore, Mukundapuram and Chowghat taluks of Trichur District Mannarghat taluk and Trithala firka of the former Ponnani taluk and Paruthur Panchayat of the former Tirur Taluk now included in Ottappalam taluk of Palghat District Ponnani, Ernad and Tirur taluks of Malappuram District Kozhikode, Quilandy and Badagara taluks of Kozhikode District Kasaragode, Tellicherry, Cannanore, Taliparamba and Hosdurg taluks of Cannanore District.	(1) Persons who have cultivated paddy in the area upto and including 2 acres in the aggregate (2) Persons who have cultivated paddy in an area of more than 2 acres and upto and including 5 acres in the aggregate (3) Persons who have cultivated paddy in an area of more than 5 acres and upto and including 10 acres in the aggregate (4) Persons who have cultivated paddy in an area of more than 10 acres in the aggregate	(1) Nil. (2) At the rate of 2 Qtls. for every acre in excess of 2 acres. (3) At the rate specified in item No. (2) supra for the first 5 acres and at 3.5 Qtls. per acre for every acre in excess of 5 acres. (4) At the rates specified in item No. (3) supra for the first 10 acres and at 5.5 Qtls. for every acre in excess of 10 acres.

By order of the Governor,
K. C. Sankaranarayanan,
Secretary to Government (Food).

GOVERNMENT OF KERALA

Food Department

NOTIFICATION II

No. 28893/A3/71-2/Fd.D. *Dated, Trivandrum, 24th December,* 1971.

S.R.O. No. 502/71.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause 3 of the Kerala Rice and Paddy (Procurement by Levy) Order, 1966, and in supersession of Notification No. 33114/B2/70-2/Fd.D. dated 14-12-1970 published in the Kerala Gazette Extraordinary No. 403 dated 14th December, 1970 and with the concurrence of the Government of India, the Government of Kerala hereby direct that the classes of cultivators mentioned in column (2) of the Schedule below cultivating the lands in the areas mentioned against them in column (1) thereof, shall in respect of the Punja (Summer) Crop, sell to Government or an agent of the Government appointed by the District Collector or any other person authorised by the District Collector in this behalf, the quantity of paddy at the rates specified against them in column (3) of the said schedule. The Notification shall come into force on the 24th December, 1971.

SCHEDULE

Area	*Class of cultivators*	*Quantity of paddy to be sold.*
(1)	(2)	(3)
	Category—A	
Kottarakkara taluk of Quilon District.		
Karthigappally, Mavelikkara, Kuttanad, Chengannoor and Thiruvalla taluks of Alleppey District.	(1) Persons who have cultivated paddy in an area upto and including 2 acres in the aggregate.	(1) Nil.

(1)	(2)	(3)
Changanacherry taluk of Kottayam District Kanayannur taluk of Ernakulam District, Talappilly, Trichur taluks of Trichur District.	(2) Persons who have cultivated paddy in an area of more than 2 acres and upto and including 5 acres in the aggregate.	(2) At the rate of 3 Qtls. per acre for every acre in excess of 2 acres.
	(3) Persons who have cultivated paddy in an area of more than 5 acres and upto and including 10 acres in the aggregate.	(3) At the rates specified in item No. (2) supra for the first 5 acres and at 7 Qtls. for every acre in excess of 5 acres.
	(4) Persons who have cultivated paddy in an area of more than 10 acres in the aggregate.	(4) At the rates specified in Item No. (3) supra for the first 10 acres and 9 Qtls. for every acre in excess of 10 acres.
	Category—B	
Neyyattinkara taluk of Trivandrum District.	(1) Persons who have cultivated paddy in an area upto and including 2 acres in the aggregate.	(1) Nil.
Ambalapuzha taluk of Alleppey District.	(2) Persons who have cultivated paddy in an area of more than 2 acres and upto and including 5 acres in the aggregate.	(2) At the rate of 2.5 Qtls. for every acre in excess of 2 acres.
Kottayam, Vaikom and Meenachil taluks of Kottayam District.		
Alwaye and Parur taluks of Ernakulam District.	(3) Persons who have cultivated paddy in an area of more than 5 acres and upto and including 10 acres in the aggregate.	(3) At the rates specified in item No. (2) supra for the first 5 acres and at 5 Qtls. for every acre in excess of 5 acres.

Mukundapuram and Chowghat taluks of Trichur District. Ponnani taluk of Malappuram District South Wynad and Kozhikode Taluks of Kozhikode District.	(4) Persons who have cultivated paddy in an area of more than 10 acres in the aggregate.	(4) At the rates specified in Item No. (3) supra for the first 10 acres and at 7 Qtls. for every acre in excess of 10 acres.

Category—C

Trivandrum, Nedumangad and Chirayinkil taluks of Trivandrum District.	(1) Persons who have cultivated paddy in an area upto and including 2 acres in the aggregate.	(1) Nil.
Quilon, Kunnathur, Pathanamthitta and Karunagappally taluks of Quilon District.	(2) Persons who have cultivated paddy in an area of more than 2 acres and upto and including 5 acres in the aggregate.	(2) At the rate of 2 Qtls. for every acre in excess of 2 acres.
Muvattupuzha and Kunnathunad taluks of Ernakulam District. Cranganore taluk of Trichur District. Thrithala firka in Ottapalam taluk of Palghat District. Tirur taluk of Malappuram District.	(3) Persons who have cultivated paddy in an area of more than 5 acres and upto and including 10 acres in the aggregate.	(3) At the rates specified in item No. (2) supra for the first 5 acres and at 3.5 Qtls. per acre for every acre in excess of 5 acres.

(1)	(2)	(3)
North Wynad, Kasargode and Hosdurg taluks of Cannanore District.	(4) Persons who have cultivated paddy in an area of more than 10 acres in the aggregate.	(4) At the rates specified in Item No. (3) supra for the first 10 acres and 5.5 Qtls for every acre in excess of 10 acres.

By order of the Governor,

K. C. Sankaranarayanan,

Secretary to Government (Food).

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GOVERNMENT OF KERALA
1971

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KERALA GAZETTE

EXTRAORDINARY

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GOVERNMENT OF KERALA

Public Works (Transport-B) Department

ORDER

G. O. Rt. 1422/71/PW. *Dated, Trivandrum, 24th December 1971.*

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 74 of the Motor Vehicles Act, 1939 (Central Act 4 of 1939) the Government of Kerala hereby prohibit the driving of lorries on the Chalakayam–Plappally–Mannarakulanji route during the Mandala Pooja and Makaravilakku festival periods in the year 1971-72 till 20-1-1972 except lorries engaged by the Kerala State Electricity Board and lorries engaged by the transport of rationed articles upto Plappally on the following conditions:—

(1) The transport shall be effected only during day time.

(2) The transport of such articles shall be duly supported by permits issued by the Collector or Executive Engineer.

By order of the Governor,
V. Damodara Menon,
Joint Secretary to Government.

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33 4252/MC.

Government of Kerala
1971

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KERALA GAZETTE

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Vol. XVI] Trivandrum, Friday, 24th December 1971 / 3rd Pousha 1893 [No. 567

GOVERNMENT OF KERALA

Revenue (N) Department

NOTIFICATION

No. 60996/N1/71/RD. *Dated, Trivandrum, 24th December 1971.*

S.R.O. No. 503/71.—Under Sub-section (3) of Section 72 B of the Kerala Land Reforms Act 1963, (1 of 1964) the Government of Kerala hereby allow a further period of one year from 31-12-1971 within which any cultivating tenant entitled to assignment of the right title and interest in respect of a holding or part of a holding under sub-section (1) of the said section may apply to the Land Tribunal for such assignment to him.

By order of the Governor,
A. K. K. Nambiar,
Secretary to Government.

33/4254/? C

Explanatory Note

(This is not part of the notification but is intended to make its purpose clear).

Section 72 B (3) of the Kerala Land Reforms Act laid down that any cultivating tenant entitled to assignment of the right, title and interest in respect of a holding or part of a holding under sub-section (1) may apply to the Land Tribunal within whose jurisdiction such holding or part is situated within two years from the date of vesting of such right, title and interest in the Government under section 72, or such further time as may be allowed by the Government in this behalf for such assignment to him. Ist January 1970 has been notified as the date on which tenanted holdings have vested in the Government under section 72. The time allowed for tenants to apply for assignment of landlords rights, title and interest is due to expire on 31-12-1971. On a rough estimate there are 25 lakhs of cases to be settled under section 72. So far not more than 10% of these cases have been taken up. It is considered desirable that more tenants should be enabled to make voluntary applications for the assignment of landlords rights etc., by extending the time allowed for such application. A period of one year is proposed to be allowed. The notification is intended to achieve the above objective.

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GOVERNMENT OF KERALA
1971

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KERALA GAZETTE

EXTRAORDINARY

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Vol. XVI] Trivandrum, Friday, 24th December 1971 / 3rd Pousha 1893 [No. 568

GOVERNMENT OF KERALA

Labour & Social Welfare (A) Department

NOTIFICATION

No. 15907/A1/71/LSWD. *Dated, Trivandrum, 22nd December* 1971.

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Minimum Wages Act 1948 (Central Act 11 of 1948) read with sub-section (2) of section 5 thereof and in supersession of Notifications I and II published under Notification No. 52612/H2/63/HLD dated 24-9-1964 published in the Kerala Gazette supplement dated 13-10-1964 the Government of Kerala having considered the advice of the Committee appointed under clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the said Act and also the advice of the Minimum Wages Advisory Board constituted under section 7 of the said Act, hereby revise the minimum rates of wages as specified in the schedule hereto annexed which shall be payable to the employees employed in the Coir Industry in the State of Kerala.

2. This Notification shall come into force on and from the 1st January 1972.

32/4256/MC.

SCHEDULE

1. *Counting of husk.*

(a) Raw husk Ps. 92 per thousand.

(b) Retted husk Rs. 1.12 per thousand.

2. *Retting.*

(a) Putting husk into pits: Rs. 4 per thousand husks. But special rates shall be paid for digging new pits or renovating old ones.

(b) Taking retted husks out of the pits: Rs. 4 per thousand husks.

3. *Beating of husk.*

(a) Beating of husk Rs. 2.80 per 100 husks.

(b) Kallon husk beating Rs. 3 per 100 husks.

4. *Cleaning.*

(a) Cleaning Fibre with the help of pitchu vandi or similar mechanical contrivance.

(i) For Mangadan, Aratory, Vaikom and similar types of yarn Rs. 1.10 per 100 husks.

(ii) For Anjengo coir yarn Rs. 1.30 per 100 husks.

(b) For cleaning fibre by hand and without the help of any mechanical contrivance, the rate shall be Ps. 30 more than the rates recommended for cleaning with the help of pitchu vandi.

(c) For cleaning fibre with the help of pitchu vandi or similar mechanical contrivance Rs. 1.30 may be paid in respect of Beypore, Quilandy, Tirur Choodi, Ponnani Vannan and similar types of coir yarn.

(d) For cleaning fibre by hand and without the help of mechanical contrivance Rs. 1.40 may be paid per hundred husks in respect of the types of yarn mentioned under class (c) above.

5. *Spinning by Ratt.*

The rates specified for spinning coir yarn is related to the work turned out. The work-load is fixed for spinning coir yarn in terms of the runnage covered by the spinner. Runnage may be defined as the length of the spinning yard multiplied by the number of vallies or hanks made. For the purpose, the length of the spinning yard should be taken as the distance from hook to hook of the two opposite rotating wheels.

The workload for each variety has been fixed on the basis of the length of the spinning yard, which is most common in the respective areas. Where the actual length of the spinning yard is different that length multiplied by the number of vallies will constitute the workload.

The rate for spinning coir yarn will be Rs. 6 for the workload specified below of which Rs. 2.40 shall be given to each of the two spinners and Rs. 1.20 to the boy or girl rotating the wheel. Where the spinners do the rotating work also the whole amount shall be divided equally among them.

The above mentioned rate of Rs. 6 shall apply to the following work-loads for spinning the different varieties of coir:—

(i) Anjengo. Yarn

(a) 12-14 score.
Runnage 2807.81 metres (i.e., 96 vallies spun in a spinning yard of 29.25 metres).

(b) 15-16 score.
Runnage 2632.32 metres (i.e., 90 vallies in a spinning yard of 29.25 metres)

Note:—Scorage denotes the number of warp strands (those that run throughout the length of the matting) used and, in a general way, indicates the thickness of the yarn. The method used in determining scorage is to count the number of warp strands in a width of 36 inches and to divide this figure by 20.

(ii) Mangadan

(a) 13-14 score
Runnage 3071.04 metres (i.e., 140 vallies in a spinning yard of 21.94 metres)

(b) 14-15 score.
Runnage 2961.36 metres (i.e., 135 vallies in a spinning yard of 21.94 metres)

(iii) Ashtamudi

(a) Thick quality.
Runnage 3473.20 metres (i.e., 95 vallies in a spinning yard of 36.56 metres)

(b) Thin quality (imitation Alappadan).
Runnage 3290.40 metres (i.e., 90 vallies in a spinning yard of 36.56 metres)

(iv) Aratory

(a) Ordinary 12-13 score.
Runnage 3290.40 metres (i.e. 50 mudies of 6 vallies each spun in a spinning yard of 10.97 metres)

(b) Superior 14-15 score.
Runnage 3158.78 metres (i.e., 48 mudies of 6 vallies each spun in a spinning yard of 10.97 metres)

(c) Mahadevikadu special 15-16 score.
Runnage 2961.36 metres (i.e., 45 mudies of 6 vallies each spun in a spinning yard of 10.97 metres)

(v) Vaikom yarn (Weaving)

(a) Medium (including Kumbalanji yarn)
Runnage 3279.48 metres (i.e., 138 mudies of 2 vallies each spun in a spinning yard of 11.88 metres)

(b) Fine
Runnage 3089.05 metres (i.e., 130 mudies of 2 vallies each spun in a spinning yard of 11.88 metres)

(c) Karnatic.
Runnage 1663.2 metres (i.e., 70 mudies of 2 vallies each spun in a spinning yard of 11.88 metres)

(vi) M. K. Yarn
Runnage 3039.05 metres (i.e., 175 mudies of 2 vallies each spun in a spinning yard of 8.68 metres)

(vii) Parur yarn

(a) Thick quality (Parur Vannan)
Runnage 2970.50 metres (i.e., 125 mudies of 2 vallies each spun in a spinning yard of 11.88 metres)

(b) Parur medium.
Runnage 2899.22 metres (i.e., 122 mudies of 2 vallies each spun in a spinning yard of 11.88 metres)

(c) Parur thin.
Runnage 2851.70 metres (i.e., 120 mudies of 2 vallies each spun in a spinning yard of 11.88 metres)

(d) Parur Special.
Runnage 2732.90 metres (i.e., 120 mudies of 2 vallies each spun in a spinning yard of 11.88 metres)

(viii) Muppiri yarn

(a) Runnage 3207.6 metres (i.e., 90 mudies of 3 vallies each spun in a spinning yard of 11.88 metres)

(b) In the case of five persons engaged in spinning the muppiri x yarn the runnage is specified as 5346 metres (i.e., 150 mudies of 3 vallies spun in a spinning yard of 11.88 metres)

Proportionately increased rate of wage i.e., Rs. 10 shall be given for the workload specified under clause (b) above.

II. The rate of spinning rope yarn shall be as follows:—

For Edavannan (medium rope, hand-spun Ps. 8 for each mudi measuring 31.08 metres).

III. Spinning (Hand):

(a) For Beypore yarn—Ps. 7 per 0.15876 kilogram (i.e., Ps. 44 per Kilogram)

(b) For Quilandy yarn—Ps. 8.50 per 0.15876 kilogram (i.e., Ps. 54 per kilogram)

(c) For Tirur choodi in Ponnani area—Ps. 21 per hank (3.081 Quintals, i.e., Ps. 55 per kilogram).

(d) For Ponnani Vannan—Ps. 35 per hank (400 hanks make 3.0481 Quintals, i.e. Ps. 46 per kilogram).

6. *Bundling:*

(a) Bundling of coir yarn spun by ratta.
Ps. 38 for bundling of 15 kilograms of coir yarn.
Where bundling has to be done more artistically and with greater care special rates shall be paid in accordance with the extra effort and time required.

(b) Bundling of hand made coir yarn.
Ps. 30 for bundling of 15 kilograms of hand spun yarn.
Where bundling has to be done more artistically and with greater care special rates shall be paid in accordance with the extra effort and time required.

(c) Headload.

(1)	Head load of 50 green husks for 100 metres		Ps. 30
(2)	Do.	Retted husk	Ps. 40
(3)	Do.	Coir yarn 50 Kgs.	Ps. 30

N.B:—(1) The term 'husk' as used in the above schedule refers to the husk obtained from one cocoanut.

(2) Special rates shall be paid for spinning superior types of yarn such as Vettoor special, Aroor special etc., for which the scorage is above 16.

The following shall be the rates for beating retted husk with the help of machine.

(1)	Removing the skins of 100 husks	Ps. 60
(2)	Wages for defibering 1000 (thousand) husks with the help of machine	Rs. 8.

The amount may be divided among the workers.

A flat rate of D. A. of Ps. 90 shall be paid to every worker daily in view of the increase in the consumer price index from 550 to 850 points.

In addition to the above basic rates of wages and flat D.A. shall be paid every worker D. A. at the rate of 3 Ps. daily for every 5 points increase in the consumer price index beyond 850 points. For this purpose the monthly State average consumer price index published by the Director, Bureau of Economics and Statistics, Kerala State may be reckoned. The D. A. for a particular month will be calculated on the basis of the consumer price index figure available two months previous to the respective month.

The cost of living index numbers of Kozhikode should be taken for the other districts of Malabar area. For all other districts Costs of Living Index Numbers of the concerned district headquarters should be taken.

REHANKING (INCLUDING THE WAGES FOR THE CALICUT FACTORIES)

A. Rehanking of Coir Yarn.	*Basic wage excluding D.A. per 50 kgs.* Rs.
1. (i) Superior Anjengo upto 475 ft.	1.20
When the length of the coir is below 17 metres	1.32
Udak	1.49
From 476 to 650 ft.	2.38
From 651 ft. and above	3.33
(ii) Aratory	
upto 425 ft.	1.67
From 426 ft. to 490 ft.	2.38
From 491 ft. and above	3.33
(iii) Vycome	
Machine—below 500 ft.	1.67
Machine—below 500 ft. and above	3.13
Hand—below 500 ft.	1.11
Hand—below 500 ft and above	2.38
Coir having more than two Ezhas	3.16
(iv) Alapat	
Machine—below 500 ft.	1.67
Machine—500 ft. and above	2.78
Hand—below 500 ft.	1.05
Hand—below 500 ft. and above.	2.10
(v) 1. Mangadan	1.20
2. Mangadan nice	1.76
Ashtamudi	0.89
N. Parur	2.10
T. K. Roping	0.35
Beach	1.40
Below 9 metres	1.71
Aloe	1.40
Alapat/Aratory stitching yarn	4.18
Poochakkal special	6.10
Unsoaked all types	1.25
Beypore all types	0.62
Quilandy all types	0.85
FU Yarn	1.22
T. K. Roping	0.45

Note:—(1) For rehanking coloured coir yarn 5 per cent increased rate of wages shall be paid.

(2) Reconditioning damaged yarn:— Basic— yarn selected by the workers should be taken into consideration.

(3) In addition to the basic rates, the D.A. at the rates noted below may also be paid.

1.	Reconditioning damaged yarn—basic rehanking rate	+150%
2.	Pulling Punja from ordinary hanks—basic rehanking rate	+35%
3.	Pulling Punja from American hanks do.	+15%
4.	Double splicing (as per Hop Trade) do.	+10%

Note:—1. The above wage rate will be paid for American hanks. These rates are to cover the operations from yarn delivered at the rehanking, post re-hanking, bundling and taking the bundles immediately outside the rehanking shed. These rates do not cover any conveying by the rehanker after having delivered the yarn immediately outside the rehanking shed.

2. The term rehanking includes cutting out defects in the yarn, splicing, spooling etc. as per the existing trade practices.

3. The existing trades specifications of the qualities of yarn will continue.

BALING-SCHEDULE B (EXCEPT CALICUT FACTORIES)

	Basic wage excluding D.A. Rs.Ps.
I. Opening and sorting	
Carriers ..	1.01
Openers ..	1.15
Examiners ..	1.19
Sizers ..	1.15
Sorters ..	1.28

Note:—1. These rates are applicable if the workers are engaged on daily rate basis.

2. If any distance noted in the working procedure mentioned below exceeds a radius of 46 metres then the following additionals will be added to the candy rate of the relative section.

46 metres to 184 metres plus 10%

3. If the openers have to remove yarn from stacks over 1.83 metres high then an additional of 10% will be paid to the opening and drying candy rate for the yarn taken down above the specified height.

Alternately the daily paid workers can be provided to do this work.

4. If the carriers have to take yarn to upstair godowns for sorting, firstly apply the correct radius rate at ground level then and 100% to the carrying rate.

Carriers	98 Ps. Plus 2 Ps.	Plus 12 1/2% Re. 1.13 Ps.
Openers	98 Ps. Plus 17 Ps.	Plus 12 1/2% Re. 1.29 Ps.
Sizers	89 Ps. Plus 25 Ps.	Plus 12 1/2% Re. 1.28 Ps.
Sorters	89 Ps. Plus 38 Ps.	Plus 12 1/2% Re. 1.43 Ps.

Examiners:—Those who are converted into daily rate workers will be filled into the daily pay-scale at a basic pay not less than Rs. 1.19.

PRICE RATES PER 300 Kgs.

Basic rates in Ps. to which should be added the various additionals, where necessary and the D.A.

	Basic Wages *Rs. Ps.*
Vycome	
Opening	0.57
Sizing	0.25
Carrying	0.14
Sorting-Hand twist	0.72
Sorting-Machine twist	0.65
Anjengo	
Opening	0.45
Sizing	0.14
Carrying	0.11
Sorting	0.47
Mangadan-N. Parur	
Opening	0.37
Sizing	0.14
Carrying	0.11
Sorting	0.47
Aratory	
Opening	0.39
Sizing	0.15
Carrying	0.11
Sorting	0.47
Alapat	
Opening	0.33
Sizing	0.15
Carrying	0.11
Sorting	0.41

		Basic wages Rs. Ps.
Ashtamudy		
Opening	..	0.33
Sizing	..	0.12
Carrying	..	0.11
Sorting	..	0.41
Roping		
Sorting	..	0.28
Sizing	..	0.28
Beach		
Opening	..	0.87
Sizing	..	0.25
Carrying	..	0.14
Sorting	..	0.72

In William Goodacre and Sons, Alleppey an entirely different system of payment of wages is in force in respect of certain items of work in baling section. It is not advisable to introduce the uniform rates there since it may adversely affect the workers. Hence the following rates of wages will be paid in that factory and in other factories following the same system. The existing rate of Monsoon allowance at 50% and the existing wages to Madal Moopan (Rehanking Moopan) shall be continued.

		Basic wages per 300 Kgs. Rs. Ps.
Vycome Hand Twist		
Drying	..	0.60
Opening	..	0.68
Sorting	..	0.60
Vycome Machine Twist		
Drying	..	0.60
Opening	..	0.68
Sorting	..	0.60
Anjengo		
Drying	..	0.60
Opening	..	0.60
Sorting	..	0.60
Mangadan		
Drying	..	0.60
Opening	..	0.60
Sorting	..	0.60
N. Parur		
Drying	..	0.60
Opening	..	0.60
Sorting	..	0.60

	Basic wages per 300 kgs. Rs. Ps.
Aratory	
Drying	0.60
Opening	0.60
Sorting	0.60
Ashtamudi	
Drying	0.60
Opening	0.60
Sorting	0.60
T. K. Roping	
Drying	0.60
Opening	0.60
Sorting	0.70
Beach	
Drying	0.60
Opening	0.68
Sorting	0.60

Note: D.A. as given in the note below also shall be paid in addition to the basic wages.

1. Openers:—Landed yarn is taken out from the godowns to the open yard by the openers up to radius of 46 metres from the godown. Country bundles are unified, opened and spread in the sun for drying, the hanks are turned when necessary whilst drying. All defective yarn, damaged yarn, lashings cutchra etc., is to be removed and returned to stacks into any godown within a radius of 46 metres.

Hanks of the same colour and thickness are to be tied into small bunches after drying. The dried yarn is taken back from the place of drying to any godown within a radius of 46 metres and placed in order.

A monsoon allowance of 20% shall be paid to Openers from 15th May to 15th August yearly to allow for additional time required for drying on account of weather and the likely higher moisture content of the air. This allowance of 20% includes taking out and taking back after spreading of Matting, Tarpaulins or Bamboo Mats or the taking out and covering of the yarn with Matting, Tarpaulins or Bamboo Mats the additional taking back and forth of yarn or bundles to the godowns on account of rain.

This monsoon allowance is paid during the period mentioned on all the yarn handled whether it is actually raining or not. During the other times of the year, should

there be any rainfall, then the Openers must take in yarn from the open or cover with Tarpaulins, so that it does not become damaged as required by the Management. No allowance will be paid for this work. The spreading of Tarpaulins for drying purposes during the non-monsoon period will be arranged by the management.

2. Examiners: This work will be entrusted to daily paid workers. Since these workers will be acting in a supervisory capacity, the number engaged will be at the discretion of the Management. Where examiners are at present engaged on piece work, they may be appointed to the daily paid section or transferred to a no less remunerative piece work.

3. Sizers: Sizers sort the yarn according to thickness into different heapes.

4. Carriers: Carriers carry the sized yarn to the sorters within a radius of 46 metres of the sizing place. The yarn should be carried either within the godown, or from godown to godown or to the open yard, provided that the distance is no further than 46 metres radius of the sizing place.

Unmatchable or rejection yarn, other than bundled yarn is to be removed from the sorting place and put into heaps within a radius of 46 metres.

5. Sorters: The sorters sort yarn according to colour, thickness and twist into rows for preparing for bundling. They remove all defective or unmatchable yarn into separate heaps. They place the sorted hanks on to the lashing in sufficient quantities to make of an out turn of 50 kgs. of rehanked yarn. They supply yarn at the time of weighing over for rehanking to make up the necessary weight. Excess of unmatched hanks should be removed and taken back into the godowns.

6. Helpers: In some Establishments helpers are employed in sizing and sorting sections. In such cases, the group wages should be distributed on the basis of 60% to the Sizer or to the Sorter and 40% to the Helper.

7. Aloe Yarn: The rates for opening, sizing, sorting etc., of Aloe yarn shall be the same as Anjengo yarn.

8. The rates for opening, carrying, sizing and sorting rehanked yarn, both bleached and unbleached shall be the same as applicable to ordinary Hanks, but in case any employer does not wish to carry out these items of work on piece rate he shall employ the respective workers and in such cases the wage rates shall be the same as given in the beginning of the Schedule. Openers shall be paid on a wet yarn basis and

the Sizers, Carriers and Sorters on a dry yarn basis. For the purpose of assessing the wet yarn basis, the following normal table is used. This table represents the number of bundles per 300 kgs. averagely produced.

Vycome	40 bdls. per 300 kgs.
Anjengo, Mangadan, Ashtamudy	
Parur Anjengo	20 bdls. do.
Aratory	6 or 10 bdls. according to wt. per 300 kgs.
Alapat	6 bdls. per 300 Kgs.
Roping	10 bdls. do.

The above wage rates are exclusive of the customary payment such as monsoon allowance etc.

2. DAILY PAID WORKERS—UNSKILLED

	Basic wage excluding D.A. *Rs.*
Manual work—Cleaners, Creche Attendants etc.	1.23

SUPERVISORY AND SKILLED—GRADE I

Rehanking and other Moopans, Moopathies, skilled carpenters, Masons, Blacksmiths.

	Basic wage *Rs.*
From 1 to 5 years of service	1.67
From 6 years to 10 years of service	1.81
From 11 years to 15 years of service	1.96
From 16 to 20 years of service	2.10
From 21 to 30 years of service	2.24
From 31 years and above service	2.38

Plus D.A. as specified in the note below:

SUPERVISORY AND SEMI SKILLED—GRADE II

Assistant Moopans and Moopathies, Semi-skilled Carpenters, Semi-skilled Mason, Semi-skilled Blacksmiths, Examiners, Splicing Supervisors and Markers.

	Basic wage *Rs.*
From 1 year to 5 years of service	1.33
From 6 years to 10 years of service	1.47
From 11 years to 15 years of service	1.62

	Basic wage
	Rs.
From 16 years to 20 years of service	1.75
From 21 years to 30 years of service	1.90
From 31 years and above service	2.04

Note:—1. Service means the number of years actually employed in the grade e.g., if a Rehanker with 10 years of service was promoted to splicing supervisor, he would be engaged at Rs. 1.33. This however, does not affect his total service i.e., from when he joined the company for such calculations as retrenchment compensation etc.

2. Markers—It may be that in certain Industrial Establishments where the piece rate system is in vogue, the employers do not wish to comply with this stipulation and in such case the piece-rate system shall continue. The piece rate shall be:—

1. For stencilling marks (irrespective of the number of plates on one side of the package Rs. 2.24 basic per 100 packages.

2. For stencilling marks (irrespective of the number of plates on two sides of the package Rs. 3.75 basic per 100 packages

The following wage rates shall be applicable to the workers transferred from Grade II to Grade I.

	Rs.
From 1 year to 10 years of service	1.67
From 11 years to 15 years of service	1.81
From 16 years to 20 years of service	1.96
From 21 years to 30 years of service	2.10
From 31 years and above service	2.24

Rates for Twisting coir yarn in Calicut Factories

(Twisting inclusive of Splicing and Pulling Punja) Specifications:—

3 Ply 4 Twists per foot—American Hanks.

	Rs.
FU Yarn	2.87
Ariyallur or Ariyallur/FU Mixture	2.38
FU 3 Ply 4 Twists per foot—Boston Hank	3.29
FU 3 Ply 2 Twist per foot—American Hanks	1.89
FU 2 Ply 4 Twists per foot—American Hanks	3.99
FU 5 Ply 4 Twists per foot—American Hanks	3.63

Rates for Sorting Calicut Coir Yarn

Daily rate:—

1. Sizers and sorters Workload per day	Basic per day	1.23

Minimum excluding rejections. 2 Quintals Unsoaked Yarn
4 1/2 Quintals Beypore Yarn.
4 1/2 Quintals Quilandy Yarn

2. Bleached yarn sorting of L.H. Yarn Rs. 1.40 Basic per day

(a) Sorters turnover to be reviewed at the end of every calendar month. When more than the minimum is sorted no extra will be paid. Similarly no reduction in wages will be made when less than the minimum is sorted provided the deficiency is made up by all during the next month. For the purpose of this clause output for each quarter will be treated as complete i.e., any excess output or deficiency will not be carried over beyond a quarter—a quarter to commence from 1st November.

(b) When work available for sorting is insufficient for all the sorters, the employers have the option to send the sorters for long hanking work or, divide the available work in such a way as to provide at least half day's work for all the sorters. When they do longhanking work, they will be paid as any other longhankers.

(c) Apprentices may be employed for sorting at 98 Ps. per day basic but no one who has more than six months service will be termed as apprentices.

A differentiation must be drawn between an apprentice and a skilled temporary worker. If an employer takes on a temporary sorter for a period not exceeding 6 months and this worker has had previous training in the industry and is skilled in sorting then the standard rates are applicable and not the apprentice's rate which is meant for trainees only.

B. BALING

WAGE RATES FOR YARD WORK IN CALICUT COIR YARN FACTORIES

Item No.	*Description*	*Basic rates Rs.*
1. (a)	Carrying yarn to open yard, opening bundles, spreading and drying to standard, carrying and stacking dried yarn into approx. 25 Kgs. Bundles weighing, carrying to stock godown and stacking (per 100 bales)	53.45
(b)	during Monsoon (15th May/15th August)—	
	(i) Payment to be made for accepted as well as rejected yarns	58.80

	Basic rates Rs.
(ii) At any time during the year, should there be rainfall, yarn must be taken in from the open or suitably covered as required by the Management so that the yarn is not damaged.	
(iii) The extra for Monsoon allowance will be paid irrespective of whether it is raining or not. The extra is allowed for the additional time required for drying on account of weather and the likely higher moisture content of the yarn.	
(iv) The rates are inclusive of spreading of Tarpaulins or mattings for drying purposes when necessary.	
2. Weighing yarn as per task weight carrying to longhanking sheds and issuing to longhankers (per 100B/S)	9.00
3(a) Carrying yarn to Bleaching Shed, charging the Chamber, carrying and weighing sulphur, taking fuel to kiln, lighting the kiln, taking out bleached yarn subsequently and carrying to godowns (per 100 bales)	
Longhanks	28.35
Ordinary hanks	31.15
(b) Re-bleaching (same rates as above)	
4. (a) Bundling colour matched, bleached yarns in 25 Kgs. bundles suitable for baling (per 100 bales)	17.83
(b) Carrying to Press Shed upstairs and stacking gradewar (per 100 bales)	8.40
(c) Weighing in 1 1/2 Quintal lots and issuing for baling (per 100 bales) (Factories without baling presses have no processes (b) and (c)	3.84
5. Colour matching bundles and arranging colour matched bundles in bale weight lost for passing including removal of unmatchable yarn and re-bundling where necessary (per 100 bales)	5.60
6. Transferring loose yarn from one godown to another and stacking (per 100 bales) (No stipulation as regards height)	14.35
7. Weighing loose yarn and stacking (per 100 bales)	6.30
8. Redrying saltish to wet yarn in O/Hks. or L/Hks. including bundling, carrying and stacking in godown (per 100 bales)	19.60
9. Issuing yarn to sorters for resorting rebundling and stacking after second bundling (per 100 bales)	11.20
10. Transferring bales from Press House to godown or from godown to godown and stacking per 100 bales	7.35

		Basic rates Rs.
11.	Weighing bales (per 100 bales)	3.50
12.	Measuring bales (per 100 bales)	3.15
13.	Breaking piles for marking (per 100 bales)	5.95
14.	Breaking piles and restacking (per 100 bales) (if measuring or weighing is involved after breaking piles extra to be paid vide item 12 or 11)	
15.	Re-stitching bale covers (per 100 bales)	2.80
16.	Opening bales, pulling out hanks, reconditioning bundling in 25 Kgs. bundles, carrying to press shed upstairs and stacking grade-war, weighing and issuing for baling (per 100 bales)	50.75
17.	(a) Dholling including bundling and labelling and stacking (per 300 Kgs.)	
	Beypore	3.50
	Quilandy	3.85
	(b) Weighing Dholls in bundles (Beypore or Quilandy) (Per 300 Kgs.)	0.14
18.	(a) Preparing coils, stacking and typing ends per 50 Kgs.)	0.42
	(b) Weighing yarn and issuing for coils (per 50 Kgs.)	7.35
	(c) Splicing and making punja for coils (per 50 Kgs. Basic rates for long hanking to be paid for O/Hks. but 35% less for L/Hks.)	

Note:— 1. Carrying weighing machines from place to place will not be paid for.

2. All rates are fixed on dried-weight basis.

3. 1 Bale—1 1/2 Quintals.

D.A. FOR COIR YARN PROCESSING AND BAILING

The D. A. of workers is fixed as follows:—

128 Ps. is equated to 400 points and for every rise or fall of ten points the variation will be four Paise over 400 points.

Note:— 1. The variable D.A. mentioned above is calculated for every rupee of the wage.

2. For the purpose of calculating the D.A. the cost of living index figure for Alleppey will be followed in the Shertallai Taluk and that for Ernakulam will be followed in the Cochin area, and that of Calicut for Kozhikode area.

3. The D.A. for particular month will be calculated on the basis of the cost of living index figures available two months previously e.g., for calculating the D.A. for April the figures relating to the month of February shall be taken.

4. Where a wage period saddles two months, the D.A. applicable for that wage period will be on the basis of the index figures applicable for the later month. For example for the wage period from 24th February to 1st March, the D.A. will be calculated on the basis of the cost of living index number for January.

The "cost of living index number" referred to above means the working class cost of living index figures published by the Director, Bureau of Economics and Statistics, Kerala.

For baling press workers, 15% increase will be given on the existing wages.

3. In cases where workers are in receipt of higher rates of wages than those specified above such higher wages shall continue to be paid.

By order of the Governor,

K. V. Ramakrishna Iyer,

Secretary.

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GOVERNMENT OF KERALA

Public Works (Buildings & Communications) Department

CANCELLATION NOTICE

No. 59062/B5/71/PW. *Dated, Trivandrum, 24th December* 1971.

The Government of Kerala cancels the proceedings under the K. L. A. Act 1961 (Act 21 of 1962) for the acquisition of lands specified below, undertaken in pursuance of the notification published at page 10 of Extraordinary of the Kerala gazette dated 19-7-1971, as the lands in question have since been found to belong to the Government devolved on the Government and no acquisition proceedings are necessary or applicable.

District—Palghat.

Taluk—Palghat.

Village—Maruthurode.

Description of land with Survey No.:

Survey No.	*Description*	*Extent*
94A/1A	UA	0.1425
96/3B	DCW	0.1200

By order of the Governor,

R. GOPALASWAMY,

Secretary to Government.

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